def aStarAlgo(start\_node, stop\_node):

        open\_set = set(start\_node)

        closed\_set = set()

        g = {} #store distance from starting node

        parents = {}# parents contains an adjacency map of all nodes

        #ditance of starting node from itself is zero

        g[start\_node] = 0

        #start\_node is root node i.e it has no parent nodes

        #so start\_node is set to its own parent node

        parents[start\_node] = start\_node

        while len(open\_set) > 0:

            n = None

            #node with lowest f() is found

            for v in open\_set:

                if n == None or g[v] + heuristic(v) < g[n] + heuristic(n):

                    n = v

            if n == stop\_node or Graph\_nodes[n] == None:

                pass

            else:

                for (m, weight) in get\_neighbors(n):

                    #nodes 'm' not in first and last set are added to first

                    #n is set its parent

                    if m not in open\_set and m not in closed\_set:

                        open\_set.add(m)

                        parents[m] = n

                        g[m] = g[n] + weight

                    #for each node m,compare its distance from start i.e g(m) to the

                    #from start through n node

                    else:

                        if g[m] > g[n] + weight:

                            #update g(m)

                            g[m] = g[n] + weight

                            #change parent of m to n

                            parents[m] = n

                            #if m in closed set,remove and add to open

                            if m in closed\_set:

                                closed\_set.remove(m)

                                open\_set.add(m)

            if n == None:

                print('Path does not exist!')

                return None

            # if the current node is the stop\_node

            # then we begin reconstructin the path from it to the start\_node

            if n == stop\_node:

                path = []

                while parents[n] != n:

                    path.append(n)

                    n = parents[n]

                path.append(start\_node)

                path.reverse()

                print('Path found: {}'.format(path))

                return path

            # remove n from the open\_list, and add it to closed\_list

            # because all of his neighbors were inspected

            open\_set.remove(n)

            closed\_set.add(n)

        print('Path does not exist!')

        return None

#define fuction to return neighbor and its distance

#from the passed node

def get\_neighbors(v):

    if v in Graph\_nodes:

        return Graph\_nodes[v]

    else:

        return None

#for simplicity we ll consider heuristic distances given

#and this function returns heuristic distance for all nodes

def heuristic(n):

        H\_dist = {

            'A': 11,

            'B': 6,

            'C': 99,

            'D': 1,

            'E': 7,

            'G': 0,

        }

        return H\_dist[n]

#Describe your graph here

Graph\_nodes = {

    'A': [('B', 2), ('E', 3)],

    'B': [('C', 1),('G', 9)],

    'C': None,

    'E': [('D', 6)],

    'D': [('G', 1)],

}

aStarAlgo('A', 'G')